

Share Multi Academy Trust

Curriculum Planning Template

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| Subject: | Maths | Year | 10 | Ability | Higher |

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| Half Term 5 / weeks | Week 1-2 | Week 3-4 | Week 5-6 | Final week of the half term |
| Topic | **Unit 25 – Simultaneous quadratics and graphs of functions** | **Unit 26 – converting units and harder areas** | **Unit 27 – Percentage problems and interest** | Reteach and Retention |
| Topic overview  Students will learn… | Students should be able to create coordinate points and plot both quadratic and cubic graphs and solve quadratics simultaneous equations both algebraically and graphically. | To find the area/volume and surface area of harder 2D and 3D shapes before using this to complete density questions.  Finally using the skills of scale factors and the use if LAV to convert units. | To recall and use percentage multipliers in the context of interest questions both simple and compound. | Focus on the process of reteach and retention for this half term, knitting together the learning in reaction to the assessments completed. Students will follow a bespoke set of lessons looking at errors seen this in the work covered in this half term and any supporting knowledge. If this is covered staff will look forward to cover historic supporting knowledge for the next half term. |
| Components | Students should be able:   * To accurately plot quadratics, cubic, exponential and reciprocal functions. * To solve linear simultaneous equations. * To solve simultaneous equations where one is linear and the other is a quadratic. * To solve simultaneous equations graphically. | Students should be able:   * To convert between measures of length, area and volume. * To solve problems involving density, mass and volume. * To find the surface area of 3D shapes. * To find the volume of prisms. * To calculate the area and perimeter of sectors. * To calculate the volume and surface area of a cylinder. * To calculate the area of a triangle using 1/2absinC. * To calculate the area of segments. | Students should be able:   * To increase and decrease an amount by a percentage. * To calculate compound interest. * To write formula to calculate compound interest. * To solve reverse percentage problems. * To set up, solve and interpret growth and decay problems. | Staff complete a program of adaptive reteaching on specific topics based on the individual/class needs within their groups that have been flagged in this block of learning. Regular assessments are used to identify gaps in learning. Any gaps found are then addressed in lessons to help support learning and retention. Clear areas for improvement are monitored by individual staff and at a departmental level. |
| What students should already know  (prior learning components) | Students should be able to solve quadratics and linear equations.  Students should be able to solve simultaneous equations algebraically. | Students should know the names and properties of 3D forms.  The concept of perimeter and area by measuring lengths of sides will be familiar to students.  Students should be able to substitute numbers into an equation and give answers to an appropriate degree of accuracy.  Students should know the various metric units. | Students should know the four operations of number.  Students should have a basic understanding of fractions as being ‘parts of a whole’.  Students can define percentage as ‘number of parts per hundred’.  Students are aware that percentages are used in everyday life. | All the half term content will have been covered by this point. Staff will use departmental tracking documents to analyse the gaps in learning from the most recent assessments and all previous assessments.  The ability to structure and breakdown a problem-solving question as exemplified in the TFI questions throughout the course. |
| Transferrable knowledge (skills) | The topic will build students’ confidence with plotting and the use of substitution.  The skills of plotting these values and understanding these more complicated graphs pulls together a number of lower skills. The students should be able to now use these skills to pull out information from graphical representations improving interpretation skills. Simultaneous equations will be repeated used at KS5 to solve increasingly difficult questions. | This unit will look to bring together a number of shape and space topics to put them into a real context that includes density and volume style questions. This unit will help to support other subjects such as science and other real world applications. | This unit looks at applying mathematical skills with percentages and applies them to real world problems including discounts, inflation and interest rates. All of these elements should be connected to life elements as much as possible throughout the unit. | This activity should serve to highlight and address areas of weakness in teaching and learning or retention. This early intervention to understand specific key areas for improvement or development. This should help to build confidence and improve students’ ability to answer these and directly sequential problems. |
| Key vocabulary student will know and learn | Sketch, estimate, quadratic, cubic, function, factorising, simultaneous equation, graphical, algebraic | Triangle, rectangle, parallelogram, trapezium, area, perimeter, formula, length, width, prism, compound, measurement, polygon, cuboid, volume, nets, isometric, symmetry, vertices, edge, face, circle, segment, arc, sector, cylinder, circumference, radius, diameter, pi, composite, sphere, cone, capacity, hemisphere, segment, frustum, bounds, accuracy, surface area | Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions, recurring, integer, decimal, termination, percentage, VAT, increase, decrease, multiplier, profit, loss, ratio, proportion |  |
| Assessment activities | Homework Unit 25 – Simultaneous quadratics and graphs of functions  Year 10 Test 11 non-calc and Test 12 calc. Each will be completed in lesson (~50mins) at the end of the half term before the R&R section. It will cover the topics taught in this unit primarily but other previous knowledge maybe included. | Homework Unit 26 – converting units and harder areas  Year 10 Test 11 non-calc and Test 12 calc. Each will be completed in lesson (~50mins) at the end of the half term before the R&R section. It will cover the topics taught in this unit primarily but other previous knowledge maybe included. | Homework Unit 27 – Percentage problems and interest  Year 10 Test 11 non-calc and Test 12 calc. Each will be completed in lesson (~50mins) at the end of the half term before the R&R section. It will cover the topics taught in this unit primarily but other previous knowledge maybe included. | AFL and adaptive teaching will continue to support staff to assess the address areas. |
| Resources available | MathsWatch clips – 140, 160, 161, 162, 179, 180, 211  Departmental lesson folder  Departmental resource folder  [www.corbettmaths.com](http://www.corbettmaths.com)  www.justmaths.co.uk  [www.mathsbox.org.uk](http://www.mathsbox.org.uk)  [www.mathsgenie.co.uk](http://www.mathsgenie.co.uk)  [www.mathspad.co.uk](http://www.mathspad.co.uk) | MathsWatch clips – 112, 114, 119, 142, 149, 167, 203  Departmental lesson folder  Departmental resource folder  [www.corbettmaths.com](http://www.corbettmaths.com)  www.justmaths.co.uk  [www.mathsbox.org.uk](http://www.mathsbox.org.uk)  [www.mathsgenie.co.uk](http://www.mathsgenie.co.uk)  [www.mathspad.co.uk](http://www.mathspad.co.uk) | MathsWatch clips – 46, 108, 109, 110, 164  Departmental lesson folder  Departmental resource folder  [www.corbettmaths.com](http://www.corbettmaths.com)  www.justmaths.co.uk  [www.mathsbox.org.uk](http://www.mathsbox.org.uk)  [www.mathsgenie.co.uk](http://www.mathsgenie.co.uk)  [www.mathspad.co.uk](http://www.mathspad.co.uk) | Before any assessments are completed, revision and guidance materials are provided for students to assist in independent study. |
| Notes  Why this topic is important… | This unit starts with students ensuring that they can generate points before plotting the graphs associated. Students should ensure they can sketch these including important information communicating these. Simultaneous equations builds on the linear skills taught earlier and moves into quadratic problems. These skills are used in all aspects of KS5. It might be useful to look at the use of more technical calculators that student can use at GCSE to make this easier. | This unit reminds students of 2D skills before moving to 3D ones. This will include sectors and segments using the sine formula for triangles. Questions should challenge ideas on accuracy with answers kept in terms of pi and surds where suitable. Once this is established students should be challenged to move this to density problems. The use of scale factors should be revisited through LAV when converting units in different dimensions. | Students should be reminded of multipliers for percentages, increase and decrease before looking at interest questions. A focus on comparisons of investments (simple/compound/multiple rates) should be made including working backwards to find given rates and original amounts. Links to real life including deprecation should be made where possible. | This is an important point in the curriculum plan that enables individual teachers to review the gaps in learning for the classes they teach. The half-termly assessments are used to track students’ progress and enable teachers to react quickly to any gaps in knowledge and prepare students for the next assessment. The feedback and modelling of the exam answers enables students to pick up exam techniques and the ability to communicate effectively. |